Amendments to the Claims:

This listing of claims will replace all prior versions, and listings, of claims in the application.

Listing of Claims:

 (Currently Amended) A method for coding and storing phonetic information representable as an original character sequence, the method comprising the stop of coding the phonetic information in a bit code steps of:

coding the phonetic information in a bit code

identifying phonetic features of a character sequence; and

representing the identified phonetic features as a bit string.

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- 2. (Currently Amended) The method for coding and storing phonetic information according to Claim 1, further comprising the step of deriving said phonetic information from names wherein the character sequence is a name.
- 3. (Currently Amended) The method for coding and storing phonetic information according to Claim 1, wherein the bit code related to said phonetic information string has a length of 32 bits.
- 4. (Currently Amended) The method for coding and storing phonetic information according to Claim 3, further comprising the step of replacing with at least one group of characters, consisting of said original in the character sequence, with a

respective corresponding number of normalized character groups having the same or a similar sound when spoken but a different spelling.

5. (Currently Amended) The method for coding and storing phonetic information according to Claim 4, further comprising the steps of:

covering the beginning portion of said original the character sequence with a first normalized character group;

covering the middle portion of said-original the character sequence with one or more of said normalized character groups;

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and covering the end portion of said original the character sequence with one of said normalized character groups.

- 6. (Currently Amended) The method for coding and storing phonetic information according to Claim 5, further comprising the step of extracting said normalized character groups from particular tables providing a mapping between said original the character sequence groups and said normalized character groups by a respective provision of a cross-reference in said table.
- 7. (Currently Amended) The method for coding and storing phonetic information according to Claim 6, further comprising the step of empirically founding said tables comprising groups of said original the character sequences.

- 8. (Currently Amended) The method for coding and storing phonetic information according to Claim 7, further comprising the step of spelling actual language in use which reflect the specific phonetics.
- 9. (Currently Amended) The method for coding and storing phonetic information according to Claim 5, further comprising the step of decreasing a coding precision with a distance from the beginning of said original the character sequence.
- 10. (Currently Amended) The method for coding and storing phonetic information according to Claim 9, further comprising the step of coding a first character with five (5) bits.

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11. (Currently Amended) A program storage device readable by machine, tangibly embodying a program of instructions executable by said machine to perform method steps for coding and storing phonetic information, said method comprising the steps of:

coding-said-phonetic-information in a bit code;

identifying phonetic features of a character sequence, wherein the character sequence is a name;

representing the identified phonetic features as a bit string;

deriving said phonetic information from names;

replacing with at least one group of characters, consisting of an original in the

character sequence, with a respective corresponding number of normalized character groups having the same or similar sound when spoken with a different spelling;

covering the beginning portion of said original the character sequence with a first normalized character group;

covering the middle portion of said-original the character sequence with one or more of said normalized character groups;

covering the end portion of said original the character sequence with one of said normalized character groups;

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extracting said normalized character groups from particular tables providing a mapping between said original the character sequence and said normalized character groups by a respective provision of a cross-reference in said table;

empirically founding said tables comprising groups of said original character sequences;

spelling actual language in use which reflect the specific phonetics;

decreasing a eoding representative precision with a distance from the beginning of said original character sequence;

eoding a representing the first character of the character sequence with a 5-hits bit string.

- 12. (Currently Amended) A program storage device readable by machine, tangibly embodying a program of instructions executable by the machine to perform method steps for providing symbol insertion in accordance with Claim 11, wherein a bit eode string related to said phonetic information has a length of 32 bits.
- 13. (Original) A An coding and storing phonetic information apparatus for coding phonetic information, the apparatus comprising:

a coder which codes said phonetic information about a character sequence in a bit code stream;

a deriver which derives said phonetic information from names:

a replacer which replaces with at least one group of characters, consisting of said original in the character sequence, with a respective corresponding number of normalized character groups having the same or a similar sound when spoken but a different spelling;

a coverer which covers the beginning portion of said original the character sequence with a first normalized character group;

a second coverer which covers the middle portion of said original the character sequence with one or more of said normalized character groups;

a third coverer which covers the end portion of said-original the character sequence with one of said normalized character groups;



an extractor which extracts said normalized character groups from particular tables providing a mapping between said original the character sequence groups and said normalized character groups by a respective provision of a cross-reference in said table;

a founder which empirically founds said tables comprising groups of said eriginal the character sequences;

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a speller which spells actual language in use which reflects the specific phonetics;

a decreaser which decreases a coding precision with a distance from the beginning of said original character sequence;

a second coder which codes a the first character of the character sequence with a 5-bit bit string.